

Moisture transport to East Antarctica

in radiosoundings and reanalyses

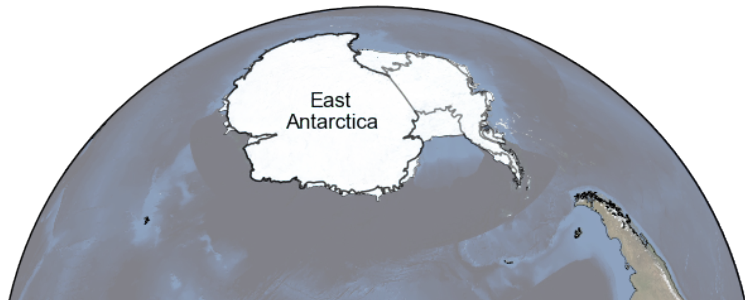
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27th October, 2016
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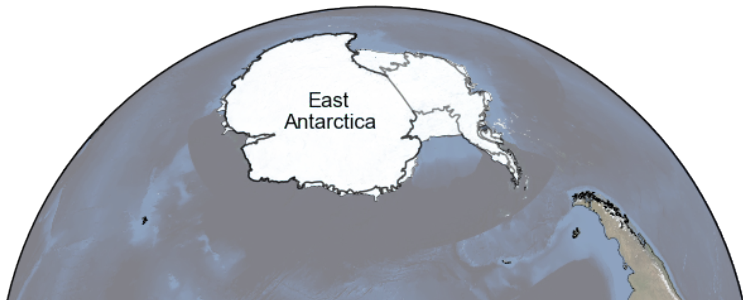
Snowfall over East Antarctica



Snowfall over East Antarctica

Input term of the mass balance

- 111 mm per year (Arthern et al. 2006 via ground-based and satellite measurements)
- Equivalent to 2.6 m of sea level rise



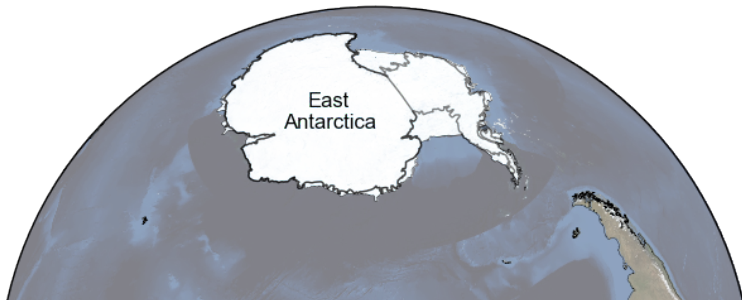
Snowfall over East Antarctica

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Future trends

- Water holding capacity of the air increases
- Moisture transport to Antarctica also (e.g. Bengtsson et al. 2011)

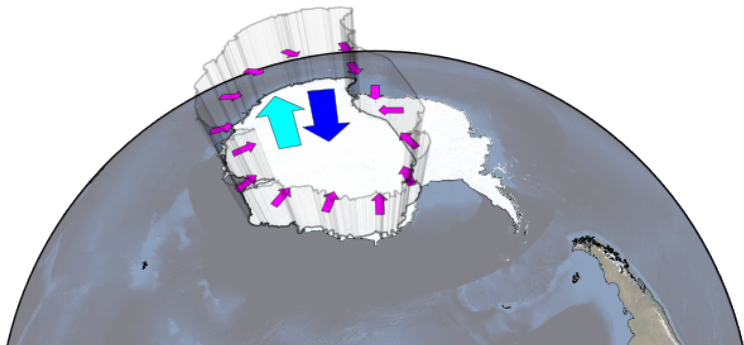


Reanalyses used

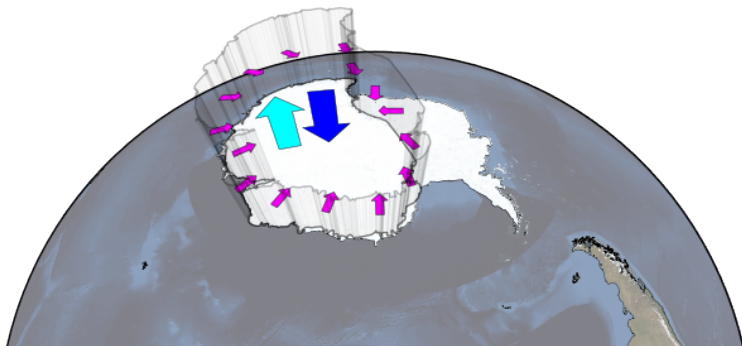
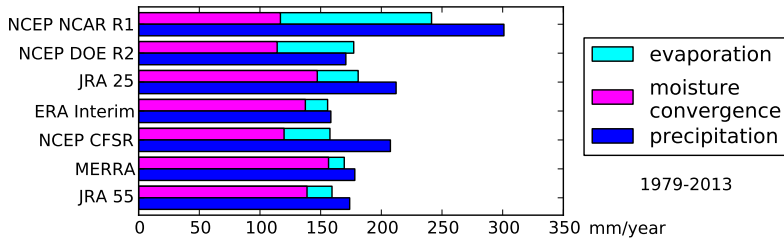
Reanalysis	model vintage	approximate resolution	data assimilation
NCEP NCAR R1	1995	210 km	3D-Var
NCEP DOE R2	2001	210 km	3D-Var
JRA 25	2004	120 km	3D-Var
ERA Interim	2006	80 km	4D-Var
NCEP CSFR	2009	38 km	3D-Var + FOTO
MERRA	2009	55 km	3D-Var + IAU
JRA 55	2009	55 km	4D-Var

Atmospheric moisture budget

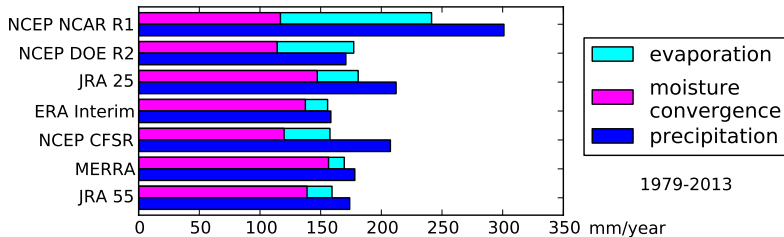
moisture convergence + evaporation = precipitation



Atmospheric moisture budget

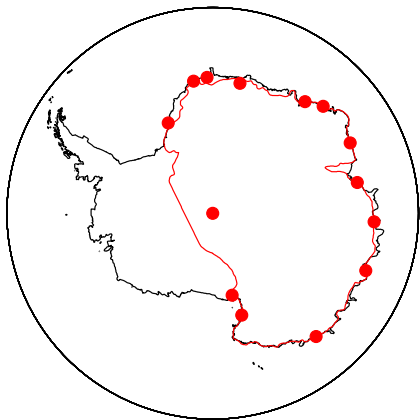


Problems with reanalyses



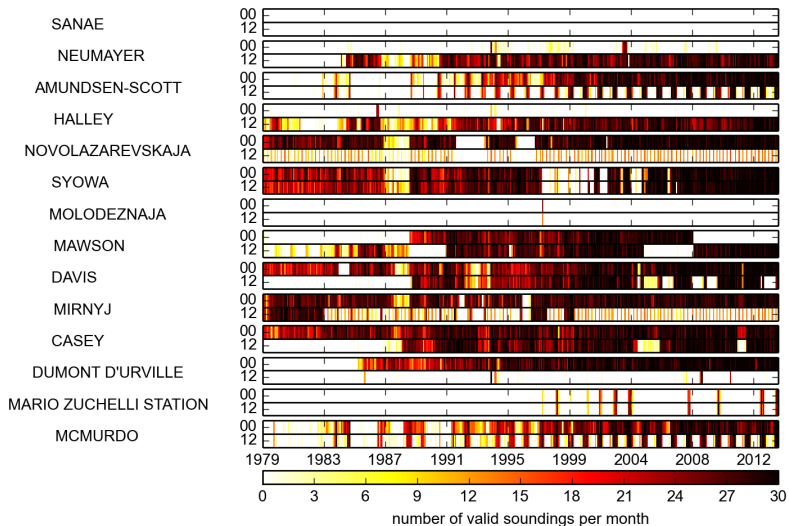
- Non-closure of the moisture budget
- Net precipitation is ambiguous due to model spin-up
- Trends are untrustworthy (Bromwich et al. 2012)
 - Artificial jumps with new satellites
 - Incoherent regional trends
- Even advection (analysed) is incoherent

Radiosoundings from IGRAv2

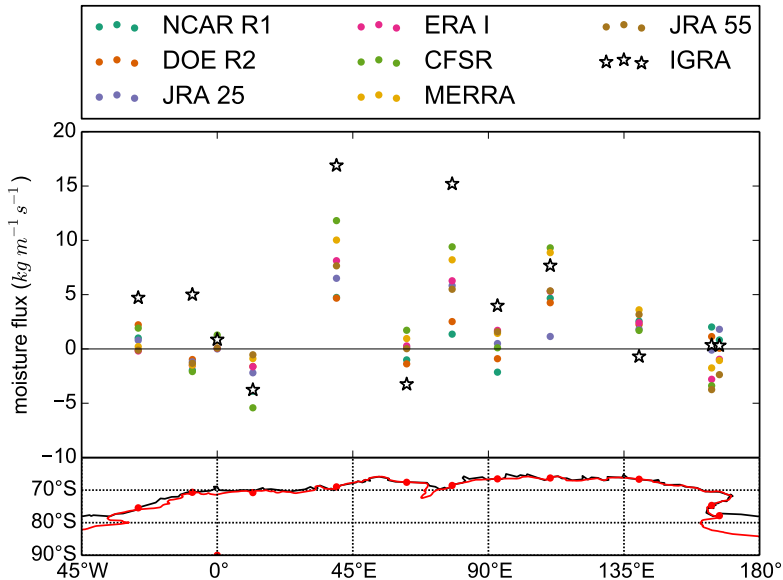


East Antarctic stations with radiosonde programs
(> 10 years between 1979 and 2013)

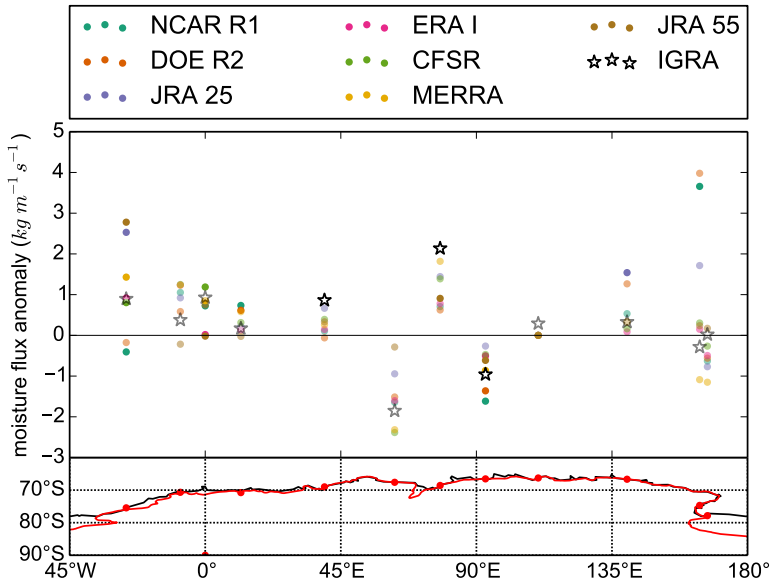
Number of valid soundings



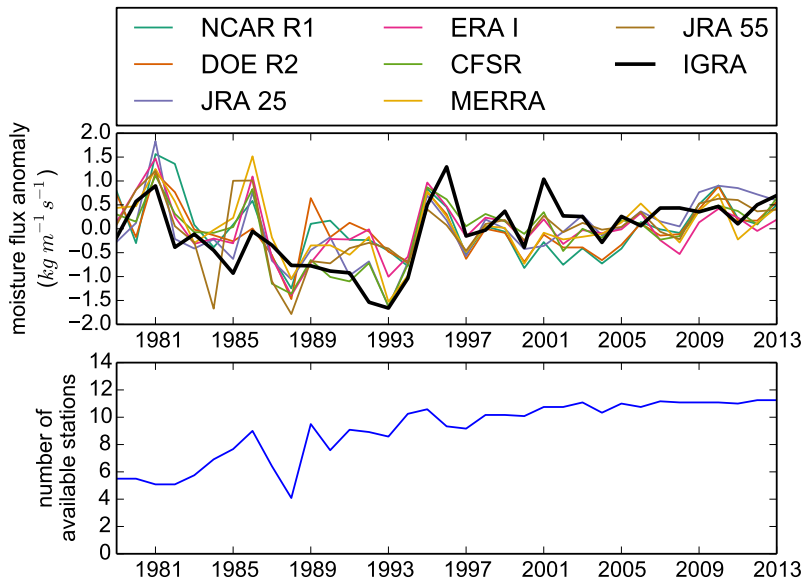
Moisture fluxes into East Antarctica



Linear trends of transport anomalies



Global time series of transport anomalies



Conclusions

- Disagreement between reanalyses over climatological
 - net precipitation
 - moisture convergence

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- IGRAv2 radiosonde dataset :
 - moisture advection as a proxy for snow accumulation
 - high temporal resolution (as opposed to e.g. stake farms)
 - the higher the reanalysis resolution, the closer the match

Conclusions

- Disagreement between reanalyses over climatological
 - net precipitation
 - moisture convergence
- IGRAv2 radiosonde dataset :
 - moisture advection as a proxy for snow accumulation
 - high temporal resolution (as opposed to e.g. stake farms)
 - the higher the reanalysis resolution, the closer the match
- Moisture advection shows decadal variability but no trends
 - no long term change in humidity either