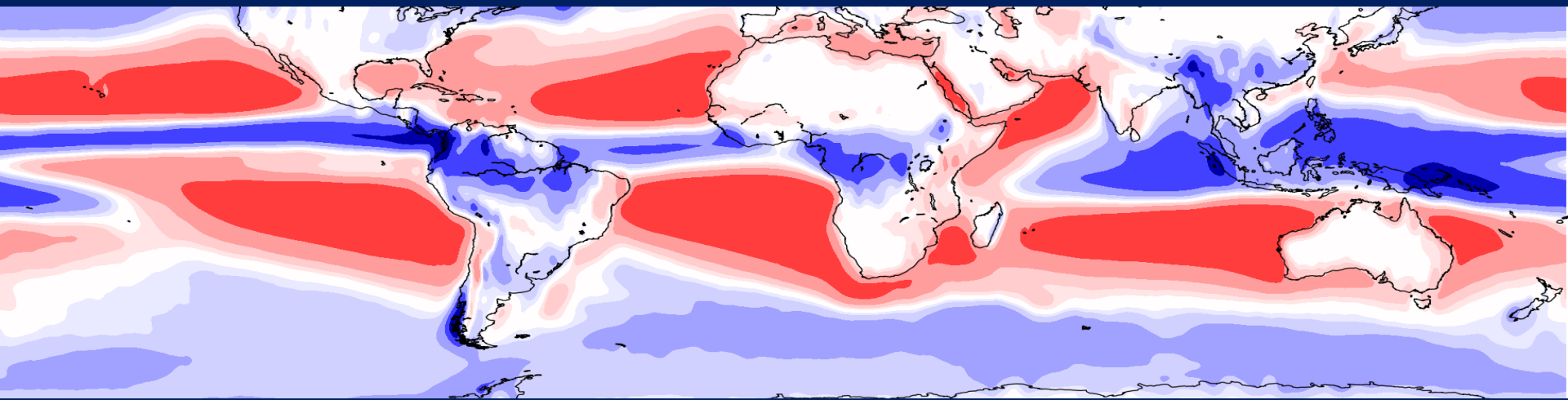


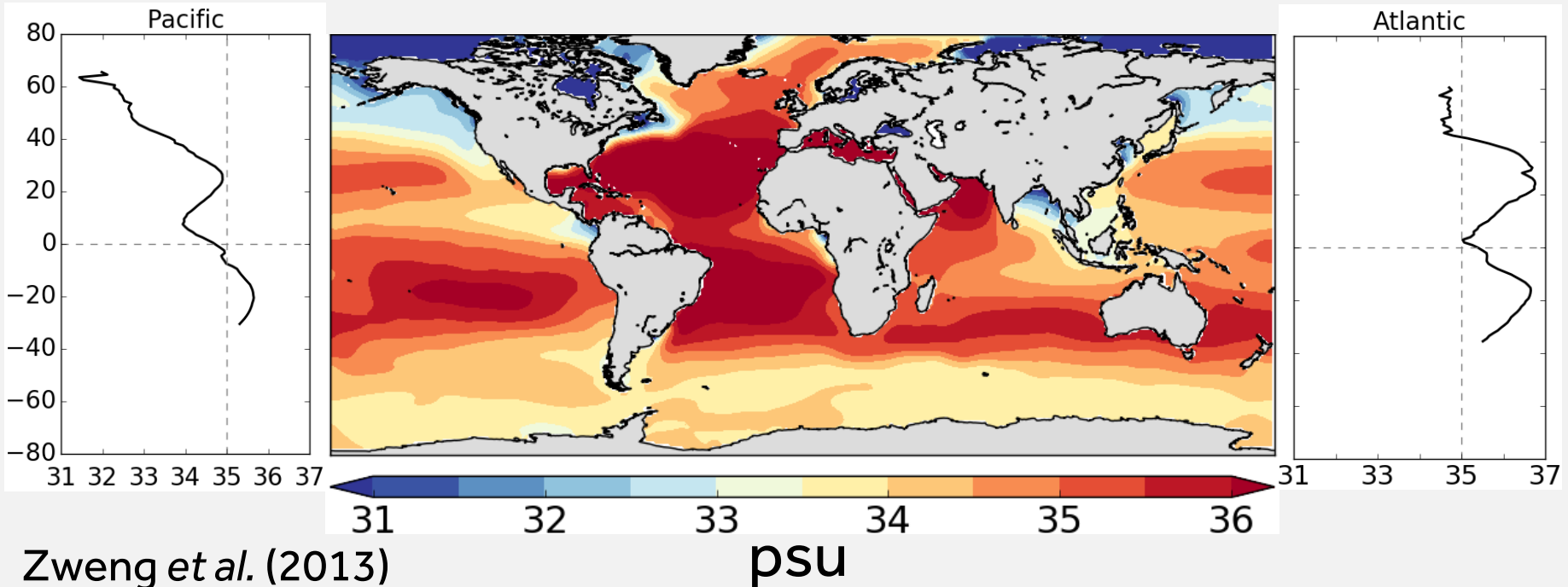
# THE CONTRAST BETWEEN ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SURFACE WATER FLUXES



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# Sea surface salinity

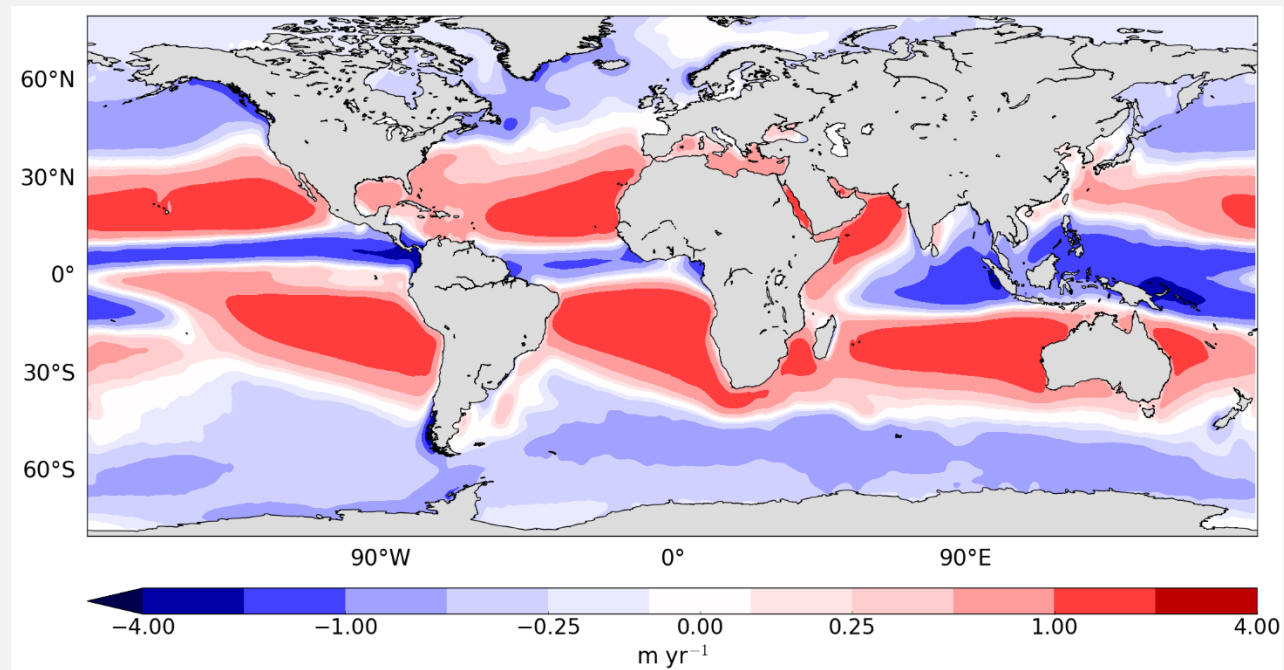


- Sea surface salinity (SSS) greater at all latitudes in Atlantic than Pacific
- Asymmetry linked to Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation (AMOC)
- Asymmetry is increasing (Durack & Wijffels, 2010)

# Outline

- Estimates of  $E - P - R$
- Comparison of ERA-Interim Atlantic/Pacific E & P
- Implications for Moisture transport
  
- Special issue of *Tellus A: The Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation in a Global Perspective*

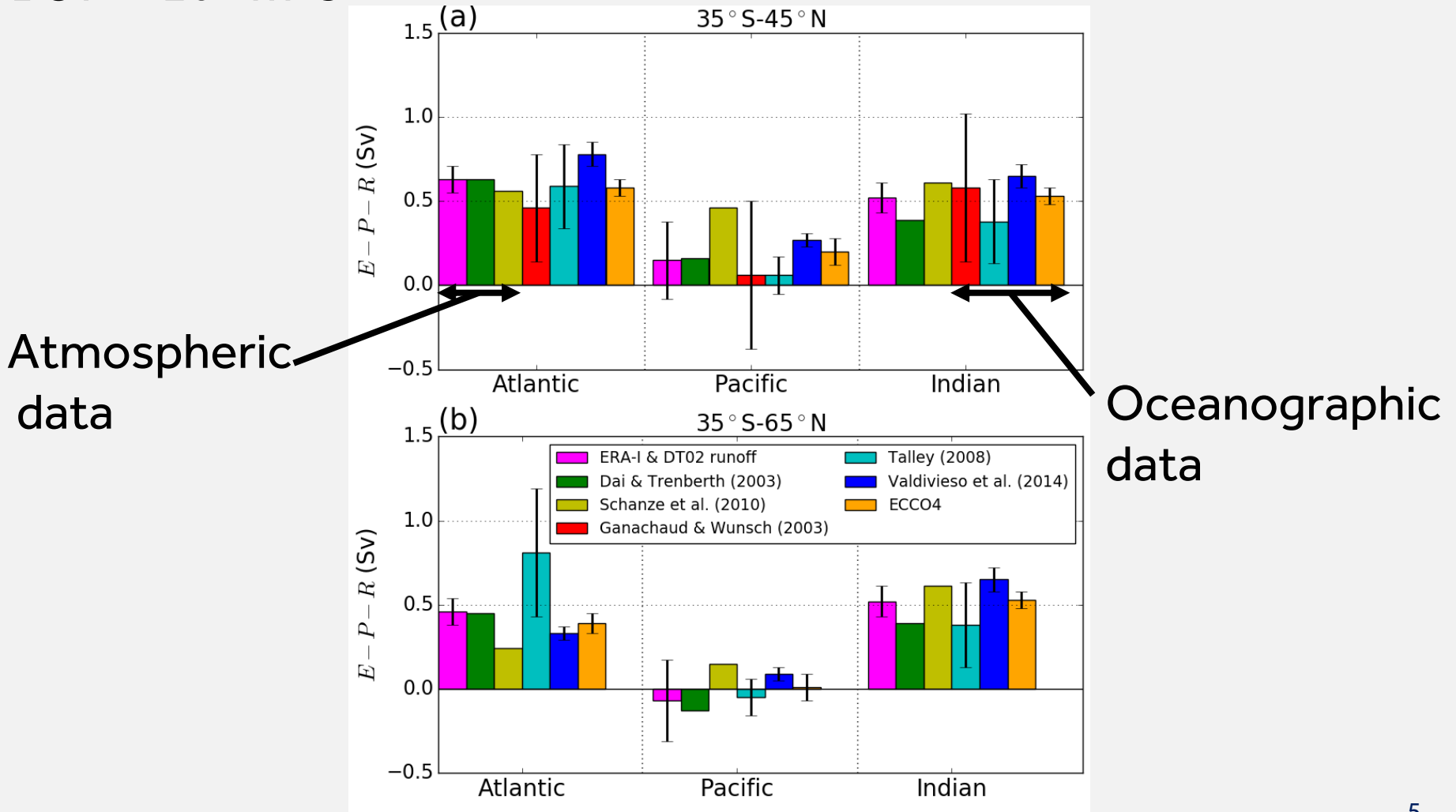
# Evaporation minus precipitation



- ERA-Interim 1979-2014 annual mean vertically integrated moisture flux divergence
- **Net evaporation** corresponds to high salinity
- **Net precipitation** corresponds to lower salinity

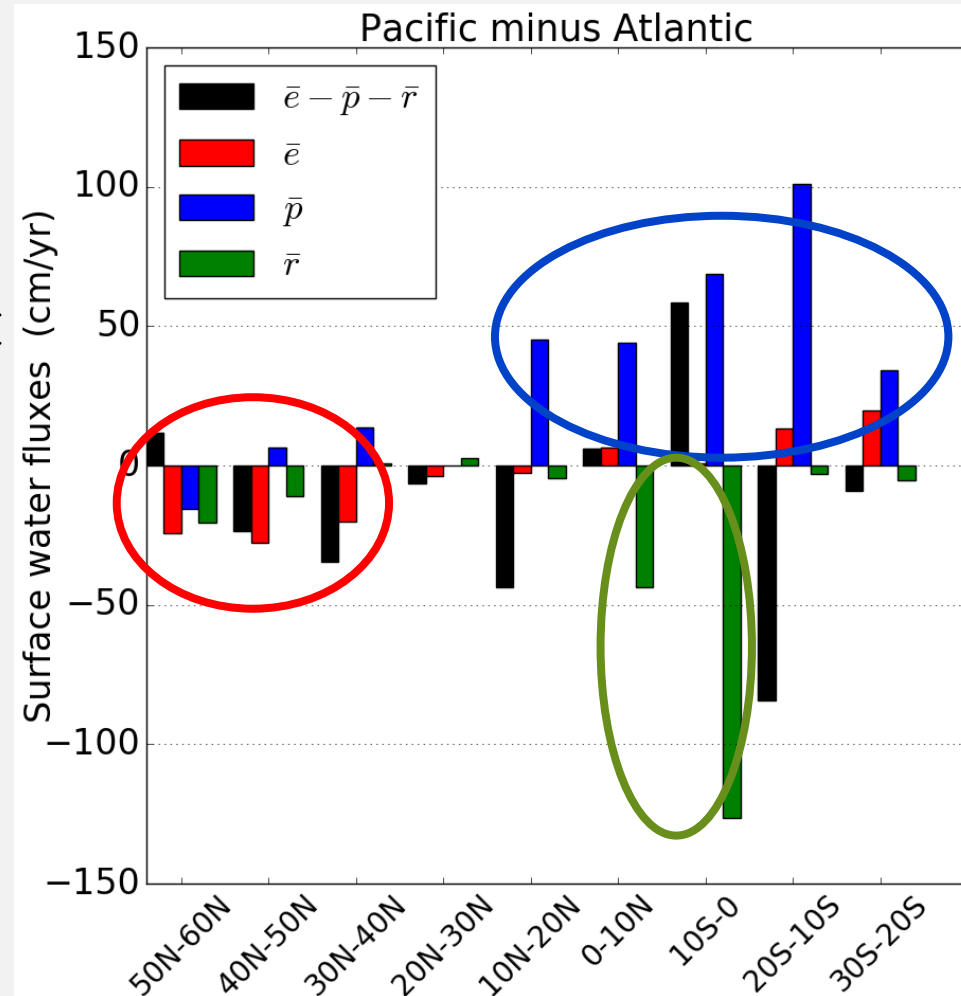
# $E - P - R$ estimates

$$1 \text{ Sv} \equiv 10^6 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$



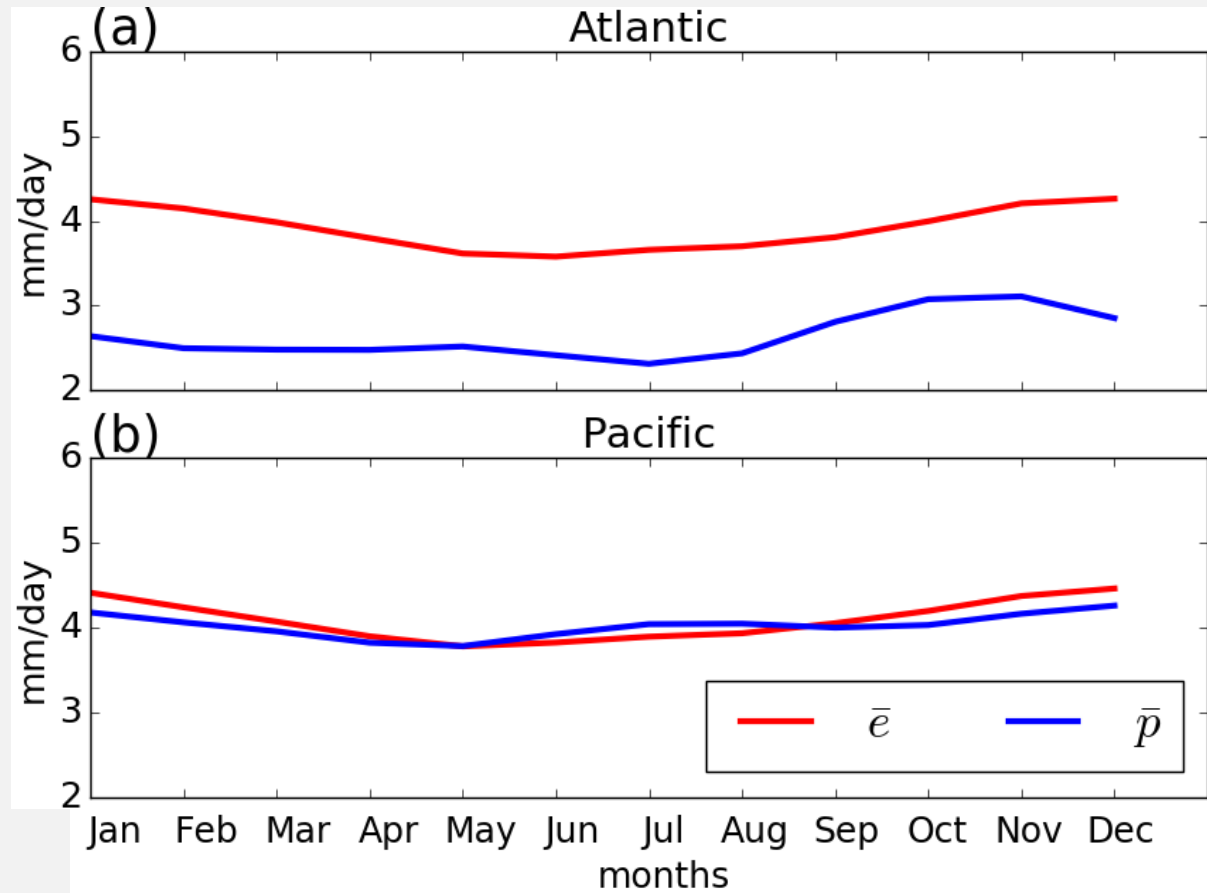
# ERA-Interim $\bar{e}$ and $\bar{p}$

- $\bar{e}$ ,  $\bar{p}$  and  $\bar{r}$  are area averages
- **Evaporation** more important at high latitudes
  - Higher SSTs due to AMOC (Warren, 1983; Czaja, 2009)
- South of 20°N **precipitation** is more important
  - Stationary eddies (Wills & Schneider, 2015)
- **Runoff** dominant in tropical Atlantic due to Amazon & Congo
  - SSS asymmetry still holds!

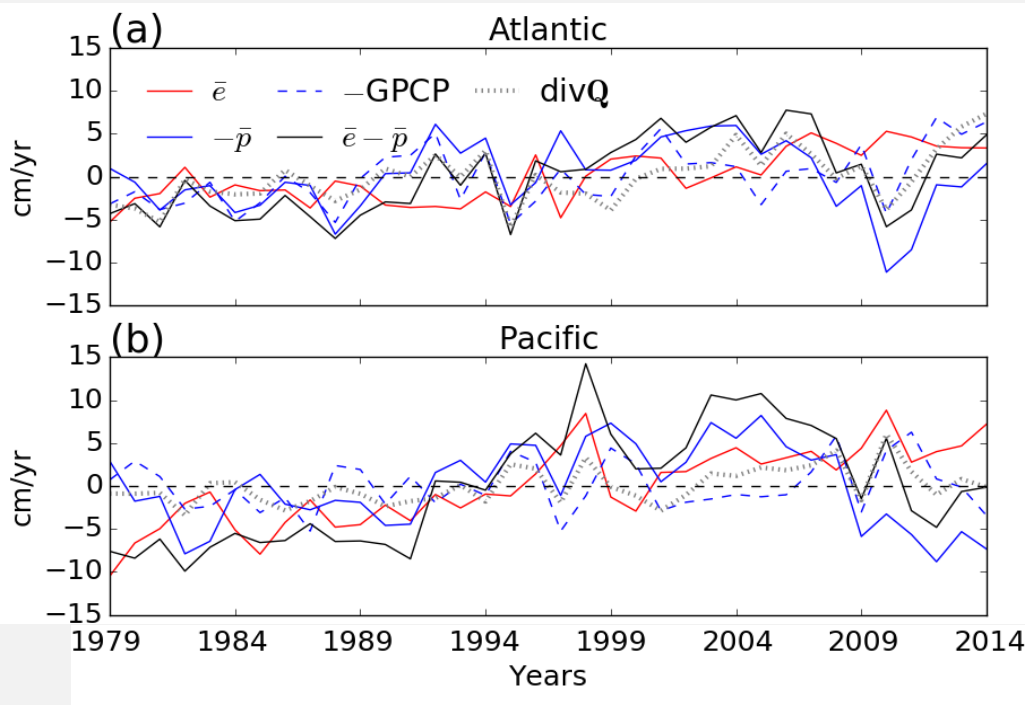


# ERA-Interim $\bar{e}$ and $\bar{p}$

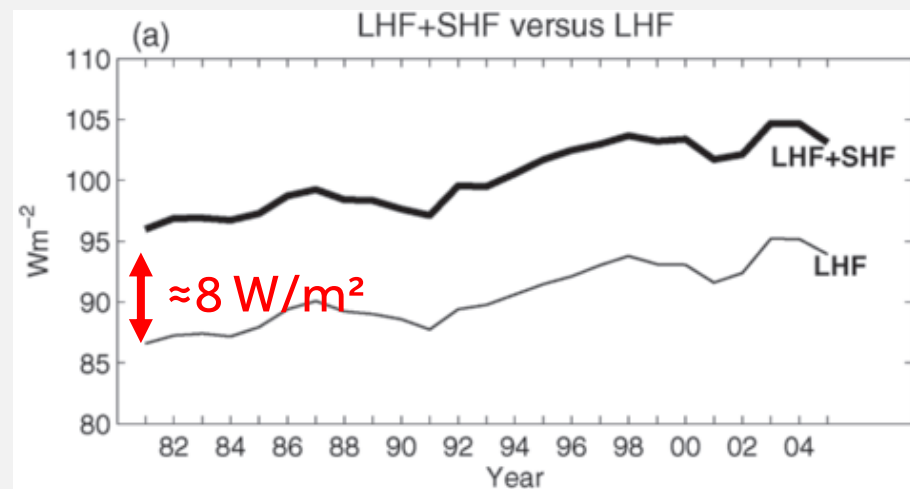
- Averaged across 30°S-60°N
- Pacific  $\bar{e}$  and  $\bar{p}$  approximately equal all year round
- Atlantic  $\bar{e}$  exceeds  $\bar{p}$  all year round
- **Precipitation** is therefore greater over the Pacific than the Atlantic



# ERA-Interim $\bar{e}$ and $\bar{p}$



- 2002-06 precip. variability is not robust due to DA problems (Dee *et al.*, 2011)
- ERA-Interim does capture 97-98 El Niño and 2010 NAO
- **Evaporation** trends are consistent with SST increases, comparable to other estimates (Yu & Weller, 2007; Iwasaki *et al.*, 2014; Su & Feng, 2015)

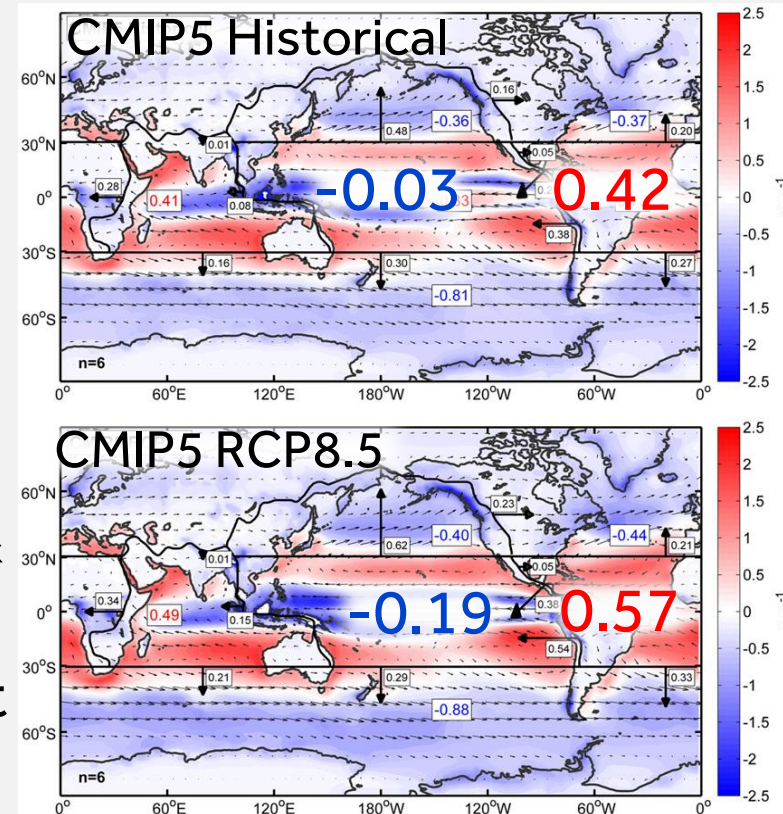


Yu & Weller (2007)



# Moisture transport

- Atlantic loses water to atmosphere – where is it transported to?
  - Pacific: across Central America? (e.g. Broecker, 1991)
- Increasing  $E - P$  asymmetry
- Changes in precipitation
- Intensifying hydrological cycle (Held & Soden, 2006)
- Increasing SSS asymmetry consistent with intensifying hydrological cycle (Durack & Wijffels, 2010)
  - Positive feedback on AMOC!



Levang & Schmitt (2015)

# Summary and Conclusions

- Estimates of  $E - P - R$  are in good agreement
- $E - P - R$  asymmetry dominated by:
  - Evaporation at high latitudes
  - Precipitation south of 20°N
- Precipitation is greater over the Pacific at basin scale
- ERA-Interim precipitation trends/interannual variability not robust
- Evaporation trend consistent with other estimates
- Link between moisture transport and AMOC

Craig, P.M., Ferreira, D. and Methven, J. The contrast between Atlantic and Pacific Surface Water Fluxes, *in revision*, Tellus A